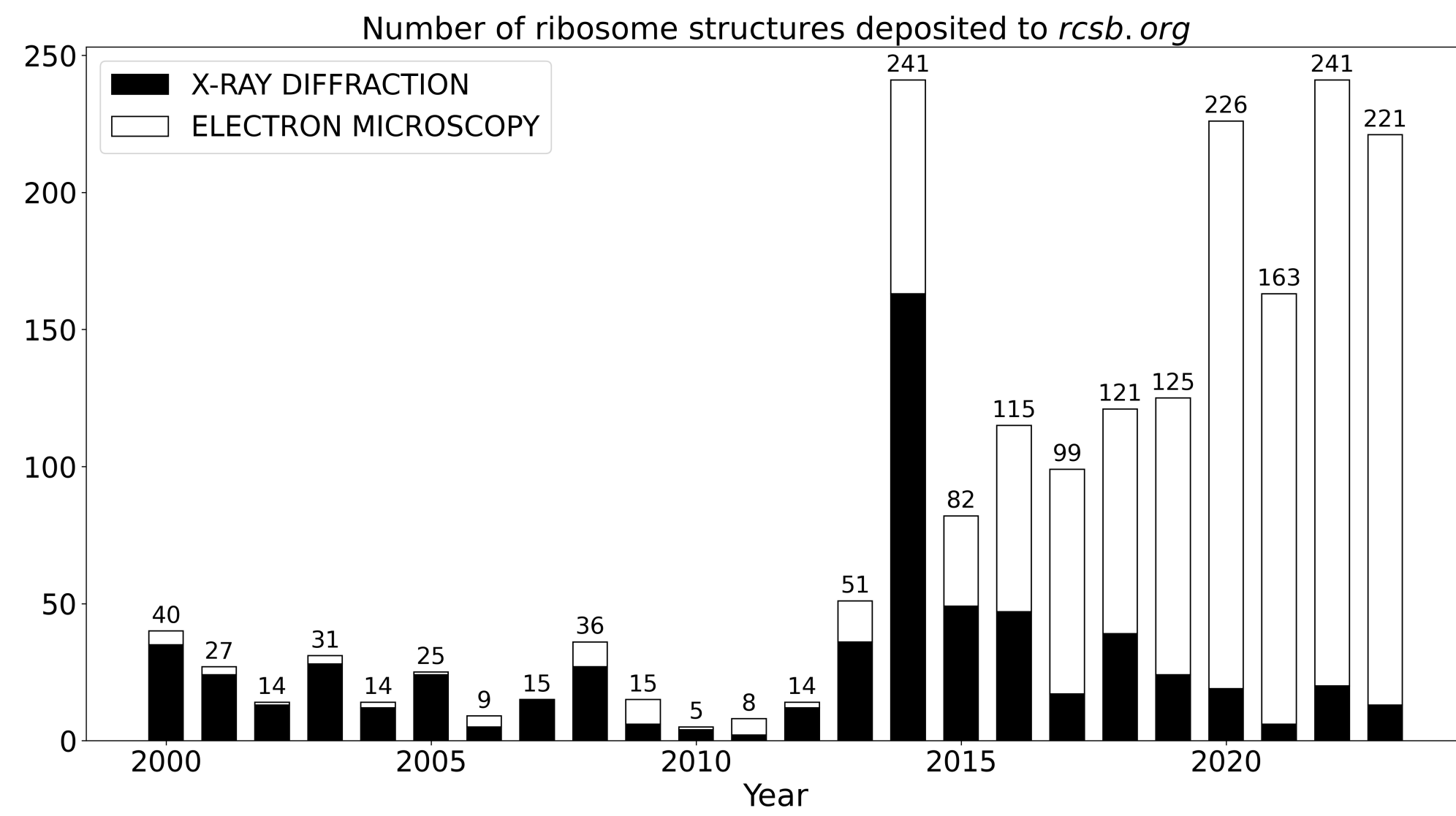


Background

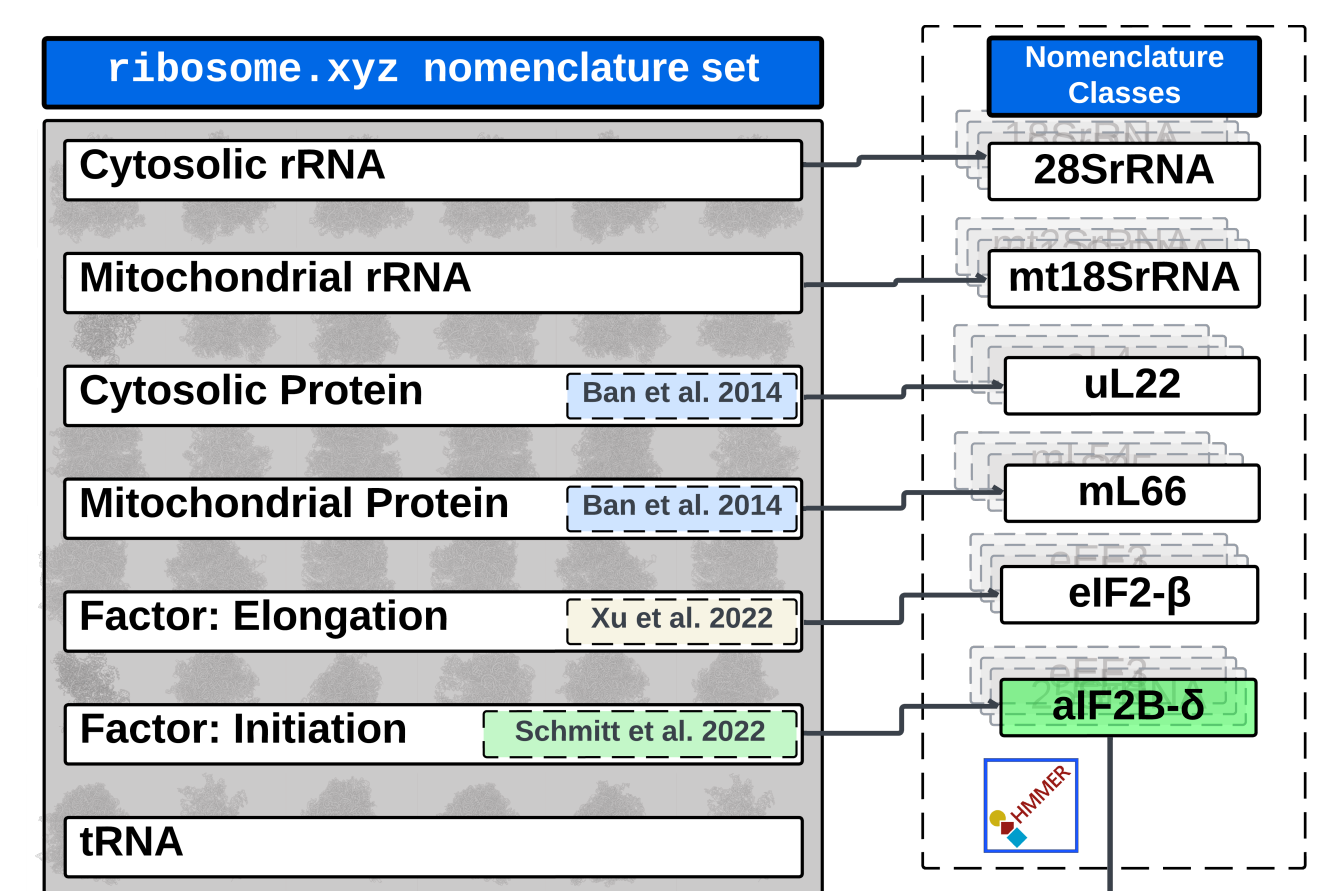


- Advances in Cryo-EM led to a surge of new ribosome structures accounting for conformational and compositional heterogeneity (Poitevin *et al.*, Molecules 2020).
- Challenge for comparative analysis and structural heterogeneity study: inconsistent annotation of chain units and nomenclature across databases.
- We developed bioinformatic tools and computational methods to study ribosome heterogeneity from 3D structures and EM maps.

Comprehensive database and visualization of ribosome structures

- RiboXYZ: Database and web-application from PDB structures (Kushner *et al.*, NAR 2022)

Classification framework for chain units



<https://ribosome.xyz>

Web Interface: <https://ribosome.xyz/structures>

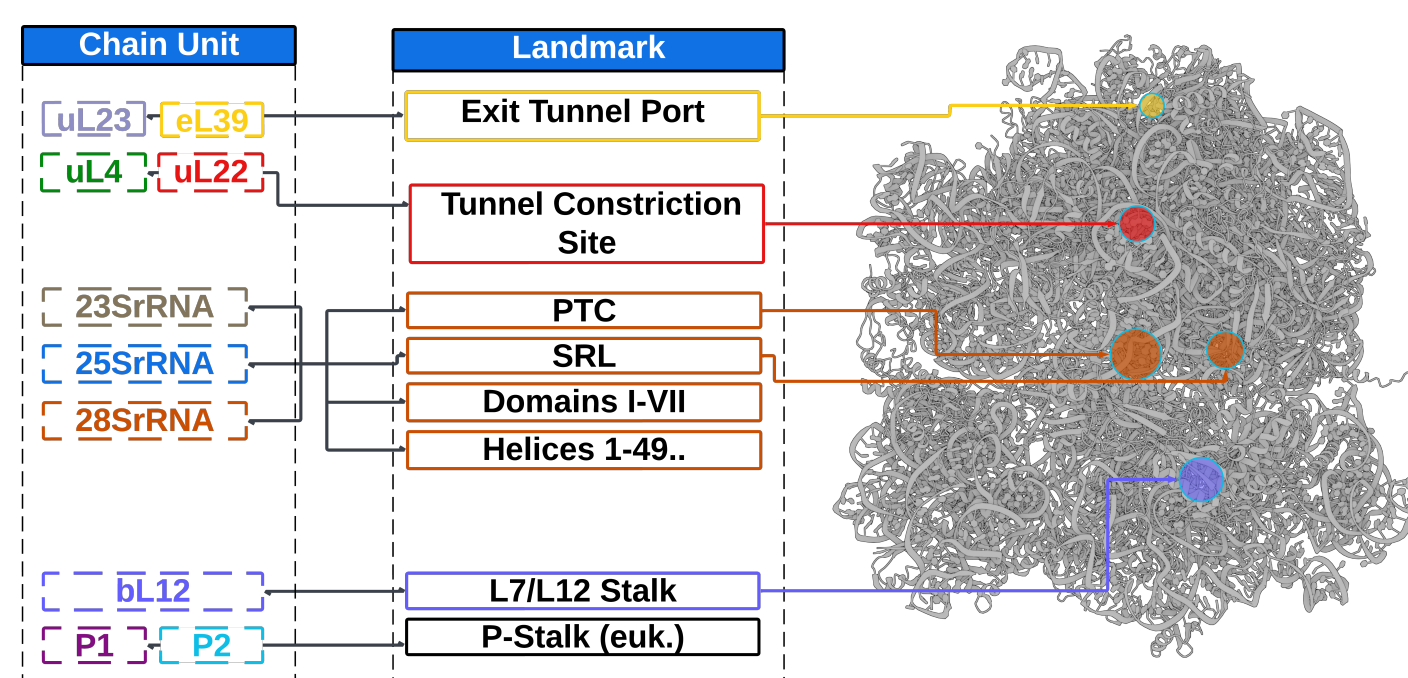
Visualization: <https://ribosome.xyz/vis>

API: <https://api.ribosome.xyz>

- The database contains 1679 structures (894 full structures, 422 (363) large (small) sub-units) at $\leq 4 \text{ \AA}$ resolution with consistent annotation of components (e.g. RNA, proteins...).

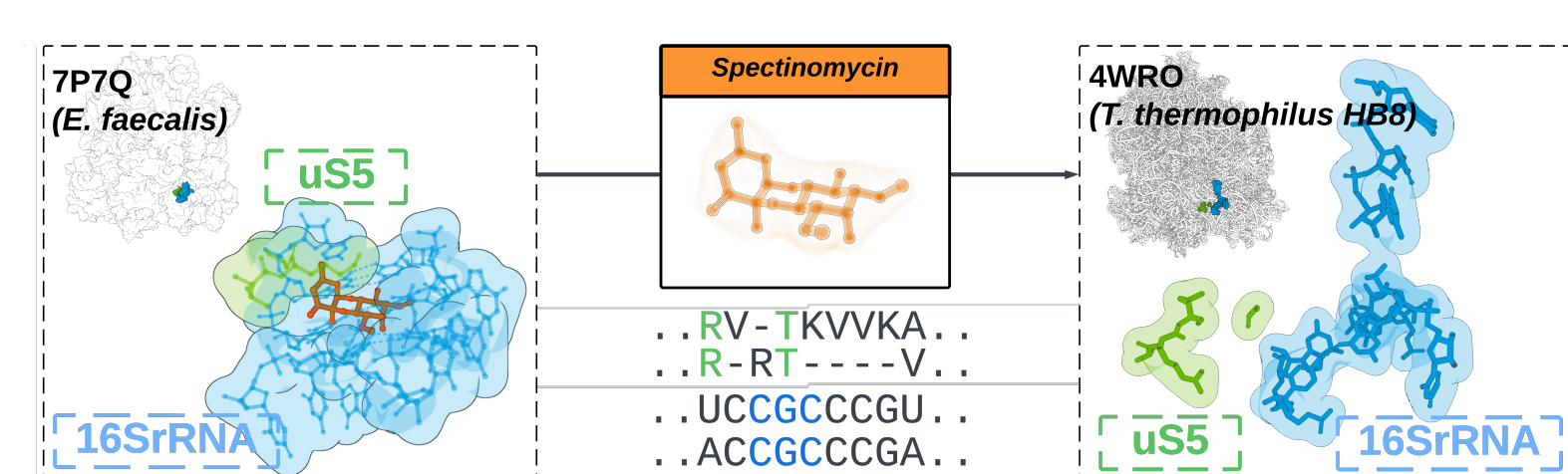
Examples of applications and tools

- Identification of landmark sites



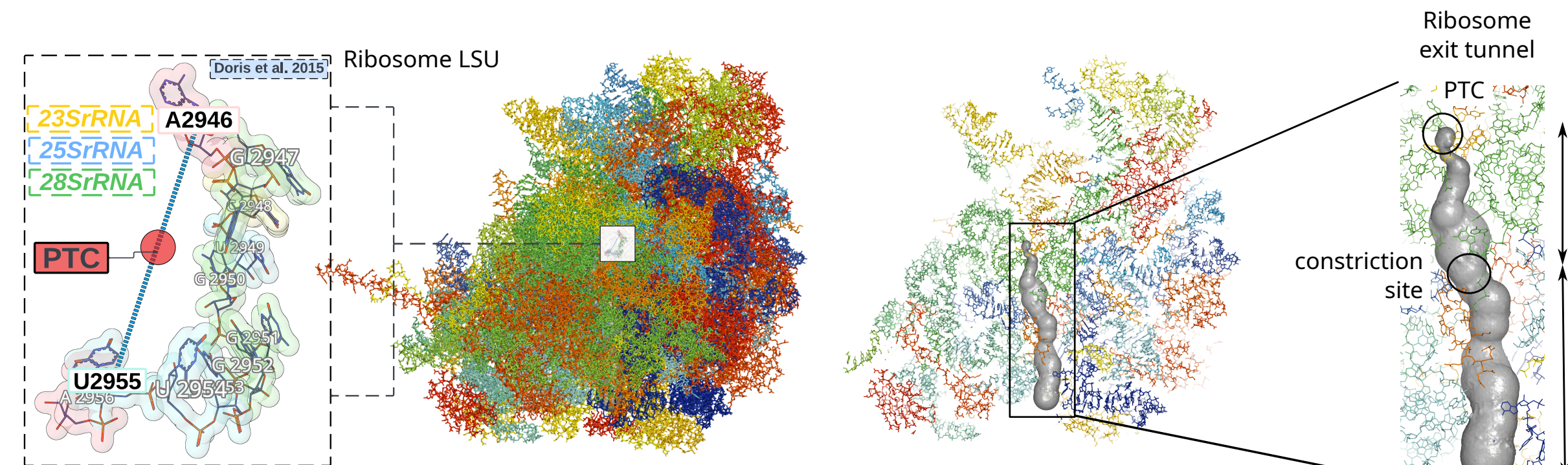
- Standardized nomenclature enables automated extraction of structural "landmarks" (including functional clusters or specific loci)

- Binding site prediction



- Prediction of Spectinomycin binding site in *T. Thermophilus* based on its neighborhood residues in *E. faecalis*.
- Database contains 1260 other unique Drugbank-registered compounds.

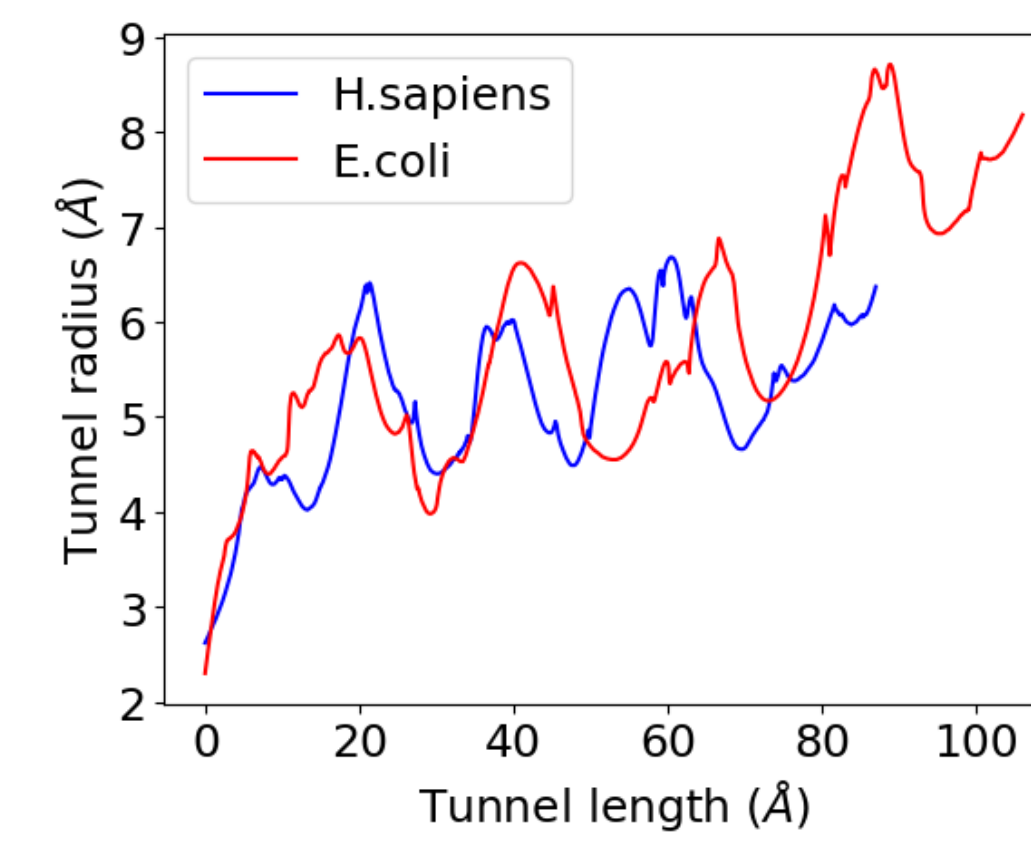
- Automated extraction of the ribosome exit tunnel



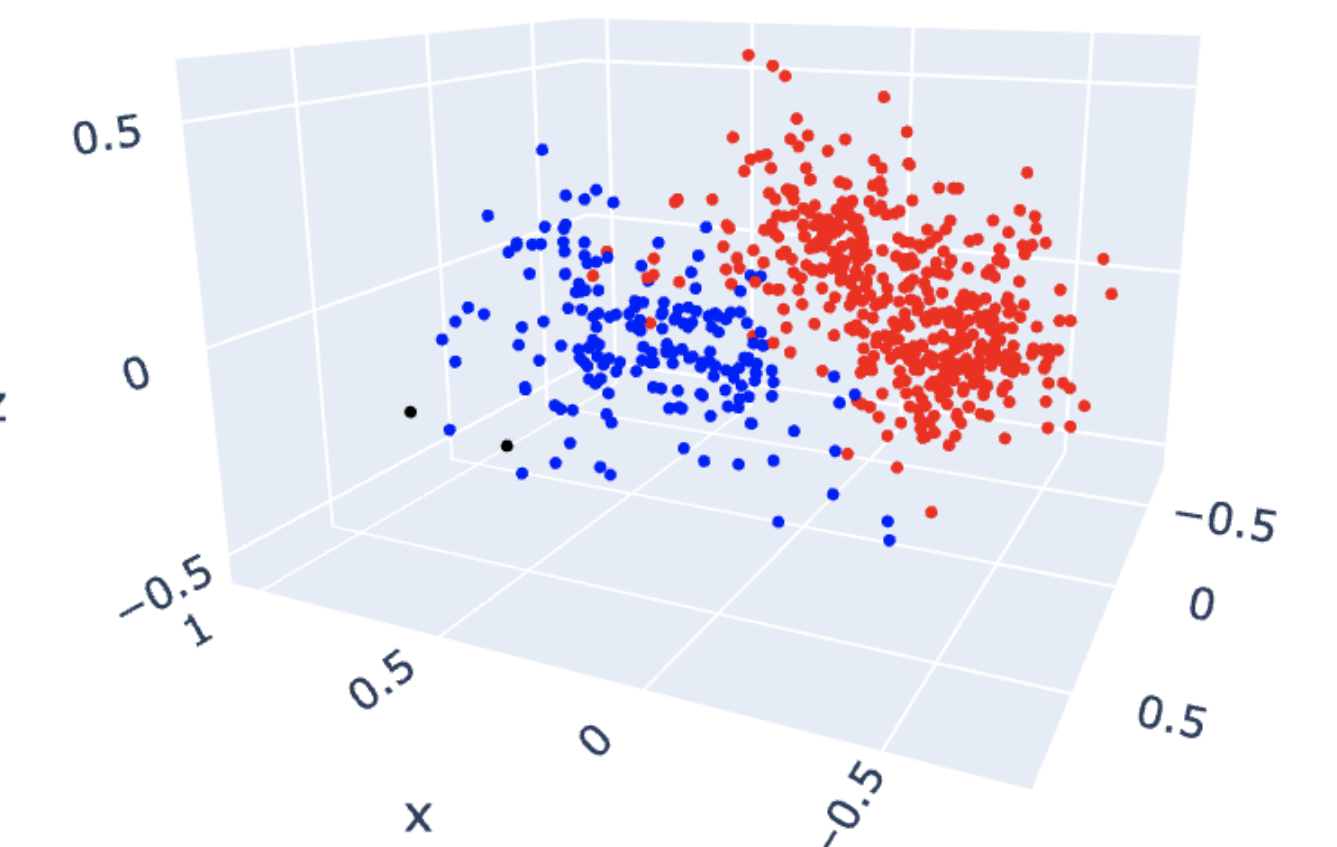
- Tunnel search algorithm (Sehna *et al.*, NAR 2012) constrained by PTC and constriction site landmarks

Ribosome exit tunnel heterogeneity

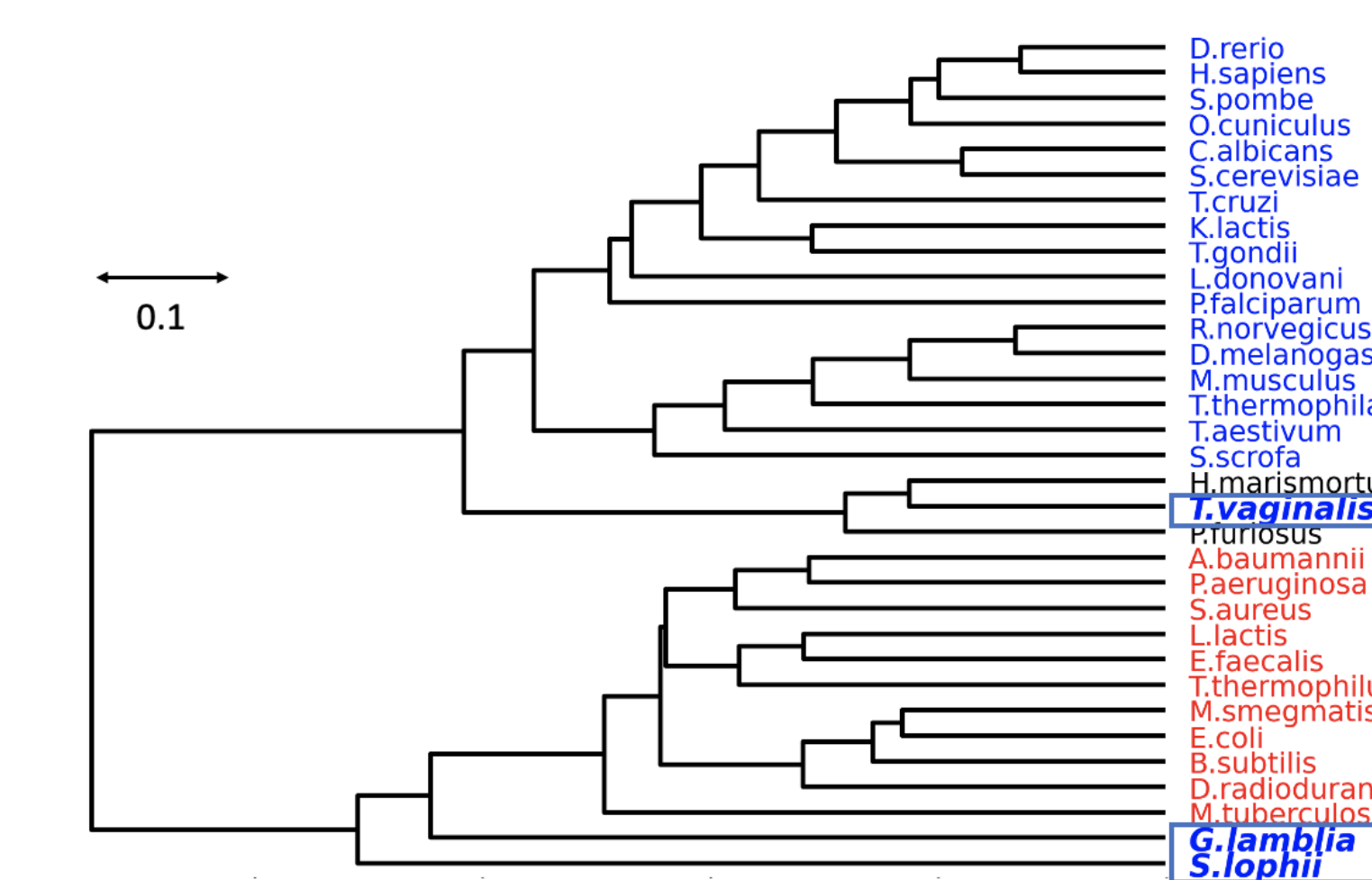
Extracting tunnel radial variations along its centerline



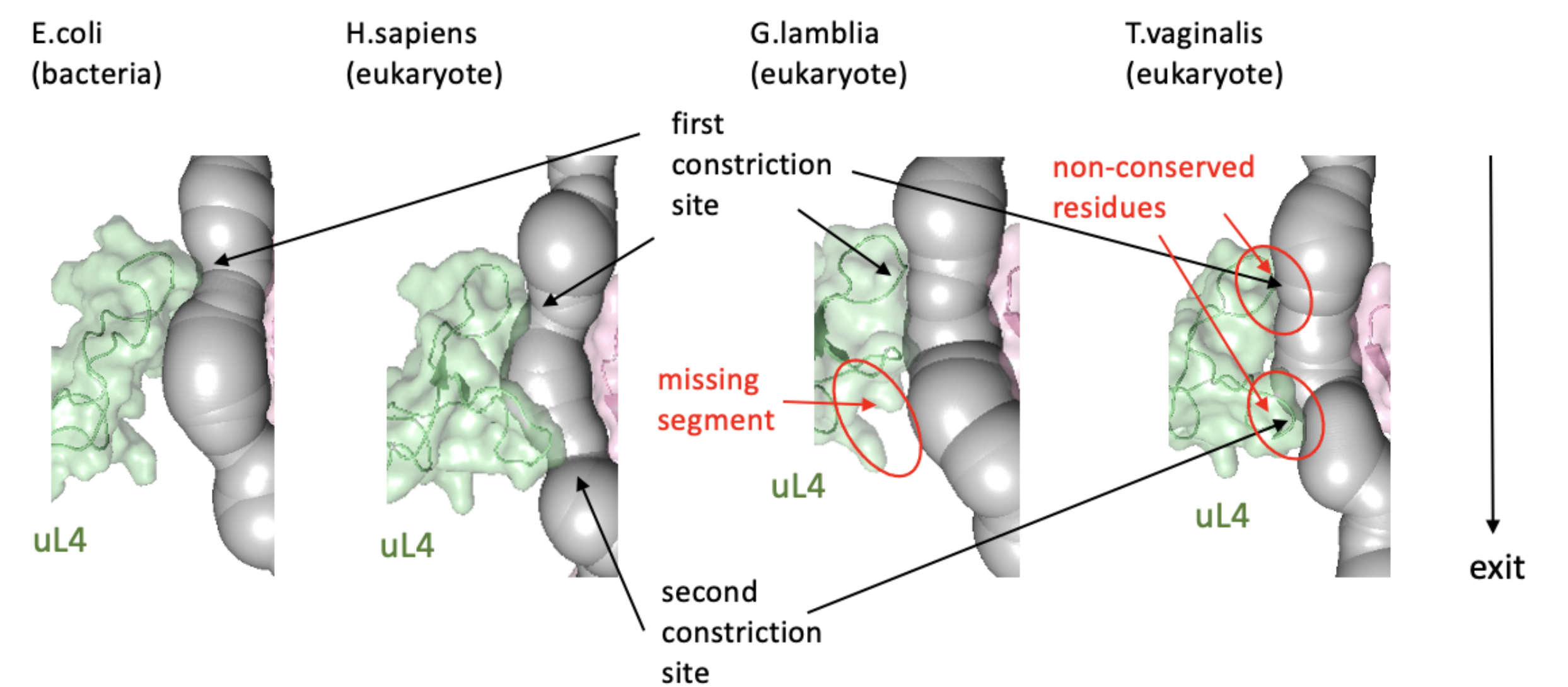
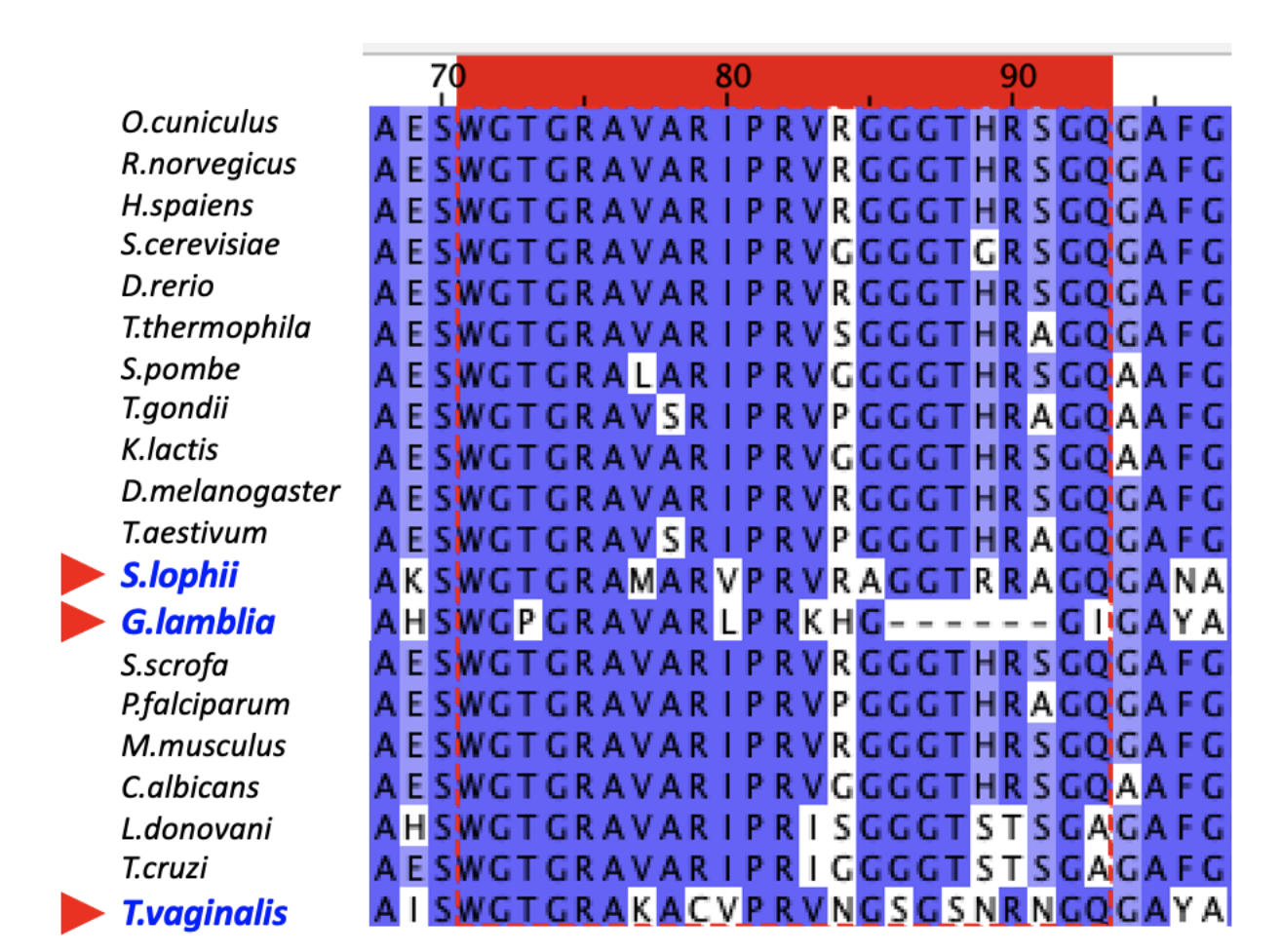
Multi-Dimensional Scaling (MDS) from radial plots (759 tunnel structures / 31 species)



Hierarchical clustering of tunnels



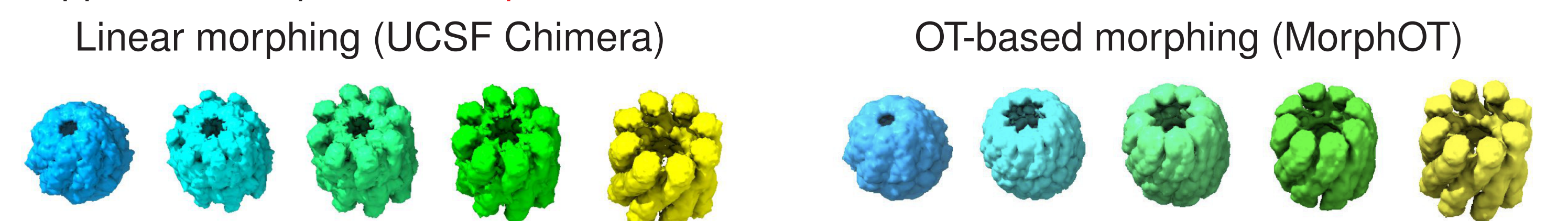
Multiple sequence alignment of uL4



- Data driven study of the tunnels enables discovering geometric differences across domains of life and species.
- Functional and evolutionary consequences for small ORFs (Yu *et al.* Biophysical J., 2023)

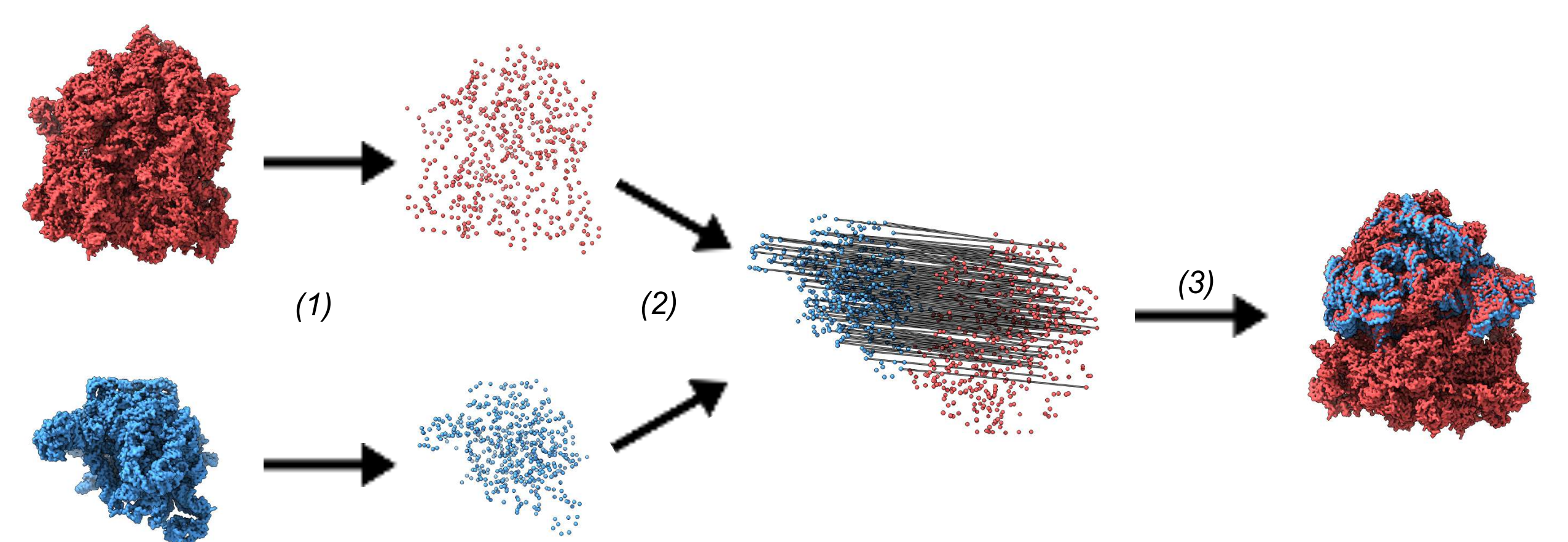
Transport based methods for studying heterogeneity from EM maps

- Optimal Transport (OT) theory → non-linear metric for comparing EM maps (Tajmir Riahi *et al.*, IEEE/ACM Transactions on Computational Biology and Bioinformatics, 2023)
- Application: Improved interpolation (Ecoffet *et al.*, Bioinformatics 2020)



- Partial 3D alignment (registration) of EM maps (Tajmir Riahi *et al.*, MLSB NeuroIPS 2023)

Alignment of large ribosomal subunit to global structure



- Applications (in progress): Ribosomal assembly landscape, atomic model fitting

References

- K. Dao Duc, S. Batra, N. Bhattacharya, J.H.D. Cate and Y.S. Song (2019) Differences in the path to exit the ribosome across the three domains of life, Nucleic Acids Research, gkz106.
- A. Kushner, A.S. Petrov, K. Dao Duc, (2022) RiboXYZ: A comprehensive database for ribosome structures, Nucleic Acids Research, gkac939
- A. Tajmir Riahi, C. Zhang, J.Chen, A. Condon, K. Dao Duc (2023), EMPOT: partial alignment of density maps and atomic model fitting using unbalanced Gromov-Wasserstein divergence, NeurIPS workshop on Machine Learning in Structural Biology (accepted)